

1. Write the following complex expression in Cartesian form. Simplify as much as possible.

$$\frac{i^3 \cdot (\overline{2-i})^2}{3-i}$$

2. Write the following complex expression in Cartesian form. Simplify as much as possible.

$$\frac{i^4 \cdot (\overline{1-2i})^2}{3-i}$$

3. Write the following complex expression in Cartesian form. Simplify as much as possible.

$$\frac{i^5 \cdot (\overline{3-i})^2}{2+i}$$

4. Write the following complex expression in Cartesian form. Simplify as much as possible.

$$\frac{i^3 \cdot (\overline{1-3i})^2}{2-i}$$

5. Let $z = -\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{3}i$.

- Find the modulus of z^9 .
- Find **all possible values** of the argument of z^9 .
- Write z^9 in Cartesian form. Simplify as much as possible.

6. Let $z = -\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{5}i$.

- Find the modulus of z^9 .
- Find **all possible values** of the argument of z^9 .
- Write z^9 in Cartesian form. Simplify as much as possible.

7. Let $z = -\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{3}i$.

- Find the modulus of z^{15} .
- Find **all possible values** of the argument of z^{15} .
- Write z^{15} in Cartesian form. Simplify as much as possible.

8. Let $z = -\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{5}i$.

- Find the modulus of z^{15} .
- Find **all possible values** of the argument of z^{15} .
- Write z^{15} in Cartesian form. Simplify as much as possible.

9. Find all complex solutions of the equation $(z^2 + 3)(z^4 + 2) = 0$. Write the roots in **exponential** form and use **principal values** of their arguments.
10. Find all complex solutions of the equation $(z^2 + 5)(z^4 + 3) = 0$. Write the roots in **exponential** form and use **principal values** of their arguments.
11. Find all complex solutions of the equation $(z^2 + 7)(z^4 + 5) = 0$. Write the roots in **exponential** form and use **principal values** of their arguments.
12. Find all complex solutions of the equation $(z^2 + 11)(z^4 + 2) = 0$. Write the roots in **exponential** form and use **principal values** of their arguments.