COURSE: MATH 1210

EXAMINATION: Techniques of Classical & Linear Algebra

TIME: 45 minutes

FAMILY NAME: (Print in ink, capitals)

GIVEN NAME(S): (Print in ink, capitals)

STUDENT NUMBER:

LAB SECTION:

SIGNATURE: (in ink)

(I understand that cheating is a serious offence. I have read the instructions below twice.)

A01

R. Thomas

A02

T. Mohammed

### INSTRUCTIONS TO STUDENTS:

DATE: February 8, 2011

This is a 45 minute exam. Please show your work clearly.

No calculators, texts, notes, or other aids are permitted. No cellphones or electronic translators, or other electronic devices able to receive or transmit a signal are permitted.

This exam has a title page and 3 pages of questions. Please check that you have all the pages.

The value of each question is indicated in the lefthand margin beside the statement of the question. The total value of all questions is 35 points.

Answer all questions on the exam paper in the space provided beneath the question. If you need more room, you may continue your work on the reverse side of the previous page, but CLEARLY INDICATE that your work is continued.

Question	Points	Score
1	12	
2	5	
3	7	
4	11	
Total:	35	

Midterm #1

DATE: February 8, 2011 Midterm #1
COURSE: MATH 1210 PAGE: 1 of 3
EXAMINATION: Techniques of Classical & Linear Algebra TIME: 45 minutes

[12] 1. Give in the form a + bi, with a and b real, the following, simplified as far as practical:

 $(2+i2\sqrt{3})^{27}$ ,  $\left(\frac{2+i}{1-i}\right)e^{2+3i}$ .

[5] 2. Rewrite the following using sigma notation with index beginning at 1:

 $1(10) - 2(9) + 3(8) - \cdots - 10(1)$ .

DATE: February 8, 2011 Midterm #1 COURSE: MATH 1210 PAGE: 2 of 3 EXAMINATION: Techniques of Classical & Linear Algebra TIME:  $\underline{45}$  minutes

[7] 3. (a) Rewrite the sum  $8+11+14+\cdots+38$  using sigma notation with index beginning at 1.

(b) Using  $\sum_{j=1}^{n} j = \frac{n(n+1)}{2}$ , evaluate the sum given in part (a).

DATE: February 8, 2011 Midterm #1 COURSE: MATH 1210 PAGE: 3 of 3 EXAMINATION: Techniques of Classical & Linear Algebra TIME:  $\underline{45}$  minutes

[11] 4. Show by mathematical induction that 6 divides  $19^n - 13^n$  for all values of n greater than or equal to 1.