## MATH 1010 Assignment 1 Summer 2014

1. Solve each of the following equations:

(a) 
$$\frac{2x}{3} + 3(x-1) = \frac{5(1-2x)}{4} + 2x$$
  
(b)  $4(x-1) + 3x = 7x + 24$   
(c)  $2(1-4y) + 3y + 2 = -5y + 4$ 

2. Find all solutions for each of the following inequalities:

(5)

(a) 
$$\frac{3x}{2} + 2(3+x) \ge \frac{4}{3}(x-5)$$
  
(b)  $3(x-5) - x + 10 \ge 2x + 6$   
(c)  $10y + 3(4-2y) < 2y + 2(y+1)$ 

**3.** Determine whether each of the following is an equation for a straight line. If an equation does represent a line, draw the line.

(a) 
$$x + 2y^2 = 1$$
  
(b)  $\sqrt{3x} - \sqrt{5}y = -1$   
(c)  $\sqrt{3x} + \sqrt{3}y = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$   
(d)  $1 - 5x = 2 + \frac{x}{3}$ 

- 4. Find, in general form, the equation of the line through the point (2, -3) that is perpendicular to the line 6y 5x = 777.
- 5. Find, in general form, the equation of the line parallel to the line 3x + 2y = -72 that also passes through the point where the lines 6x 4y = -11 and x = 2y meet.
- 6. Draw the feasible set described by the following inequalities:

$$x - 3y \le 7$$
,  $11x + 7y \le 117$ ,  $y \ge 3 - x$ ,  $7x - 5y + 39 \ge 0$ .

Do not attempt question 6 until Monday's class.