

### MATH 1210 Tutorial 3

1. Express each of the following in exponential form. Your final answer should have the principal value of the argument.

$$(a) (3 + 3\sqrt{3}i)^7 e^{5\pi i/6} \qquad (b) \frac{(1+i)e^{3\pi i/4}}{3e^{-\pi i/3}}$$

2. Use Euler's identity and DeMoivre's theorem to prove the well-known double angle formula

$$\cos 2\theta = \cos^2 \theta - \sin^2 \theta.$$

3. Use Euler's identity to prove that

$$\cos \theta = \frac{e^{\theta i} + e^{-\theta i}}{2}, \qquad \sin \theta = \frac{e^{\theta i} - e^{-\theta i}}{2i}.$$

4. Find exact values for all solutions of the following equations. Express final answers in Cartesian form.

$$(a) 2x^4 + 3x^2 - 1 = 0 \qquad (b) z^4 = -4i$$

5. Find the fifth roots of  $-2 - 2i$ . Write answers in Cartesian form.

**Answers:**

$$1.(a) 6^7 e^{-5\pi i/6} \qquad (b) (\sqrt{2}/3)e^{-2\pi i/3}$$

$$4.(a) \pm \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{17}-3}}{2}, \quad \pm \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{17}+3}}{2} i$$

$$(b) \sqrt{2} \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{8}\right) - \sqrt{2} \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{8}\right) i, \quad \sqrt{2} \cos\left(\frac{3\pi}{8}\right) + \sqrt{2} \sin\left(\frac{3\pi}{8}\right) i,$$

$$\sqrt{2} \cos\left(\frac{7\pi}{8}\right) + \sqrt{2} \sin\left(\frac{7\pi}{8}\right) i, \quad \sqrt{2} \cos\left(\frac{11\pi}{8}\right) + \sqrt{2} \sin\left(\frac{11\pi}{8}\right) i$$

$$5. 2^{3/10} \cos\left(\frac{3\pi}{20}\right) - 2^{3/10} \sin\left(\frac{3\pi}{20}\right) i, \quad 2^{-1/5} + 2^{-1/5} i, \quad 2^{3/10} \cos\left(\frac{13\pi}{20}\right) + 2^{3/10} \sin\left(\frac{13\pi}{20}\right) i,$$

$$2^{3/10} \cos\left(\frac{21\pi}{20}\right) + 2^{3/10} \sin\left(\frac{21\pi}{20}\right) i, \quad 2^{3/10} \cos\left(\frac{29\pi}{20}\right) + 2^{3/10} \sin\left(\frac{29\pi}{20}\right) i$$