

THE UNIVERSITY OF MANITOBA

May 13, 1997

FINAL EXAMINATION

PAPER NO: 201

LOCATION: 350 Parker

PAGE NO: 1 of 3

DEPARTMENT & COURSE NO: CHEMISTRY 2.463

TIME: 3 HOURS

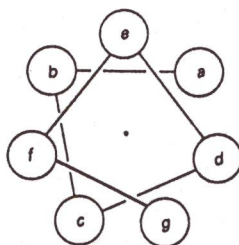
EXAMINATION: Biochemistry of Proteins

EXAMINER: J. O'Neil

Section 1: You must answer all of the following questions in Section 1. You can spend up to 2 hours and 20 min. on this part of the exam. Wherever possible use diagrams to enhance your answers.

Marks

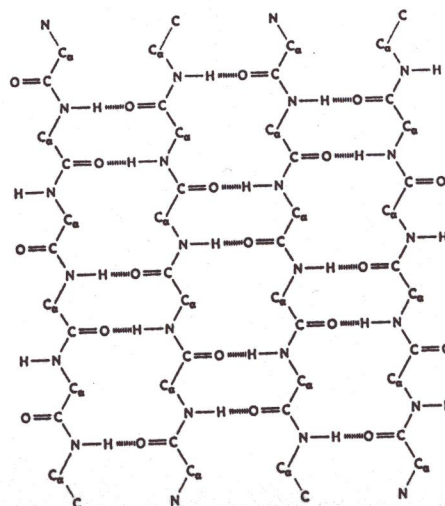
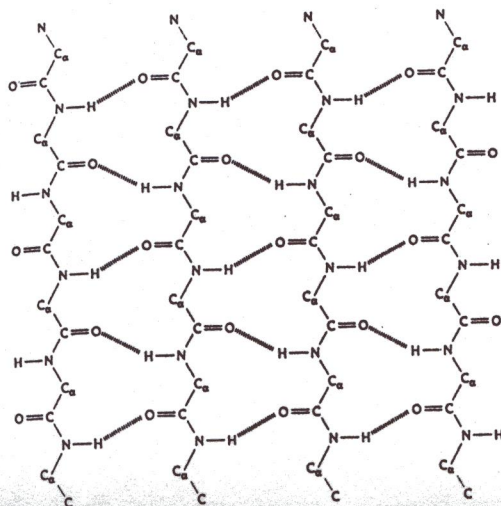
- 10 1. Draw a Ramachandran Diagram and explain what information it presents. In your diagram label the locations of the right and left-handed α -helices, parallel and antiparallel β -sheets, the right-handed 3_{10} helix, and the collagen triple helix.
- 2 2. What is the biological significance of the polyproline helix?
- 5 3. Explain the differences between a 3.6_{13} and a 3_{10} helix.
- 4 4. Explain why Proline is termed a helix breaker.
- 6 5. Describe the homeodomain motif. What is its biological function?
- 6 6. Using the diagram below describe the features of the coiled-coil motif including its helix-packing interactions. Name 1 protein which adopts this structure.



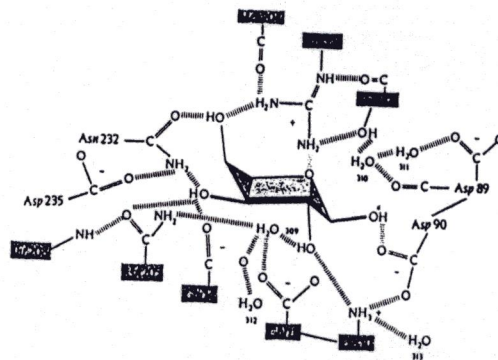
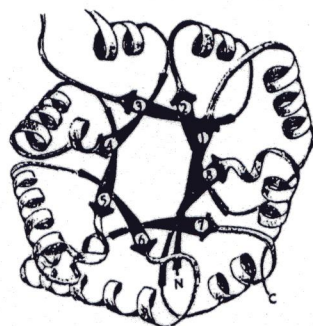
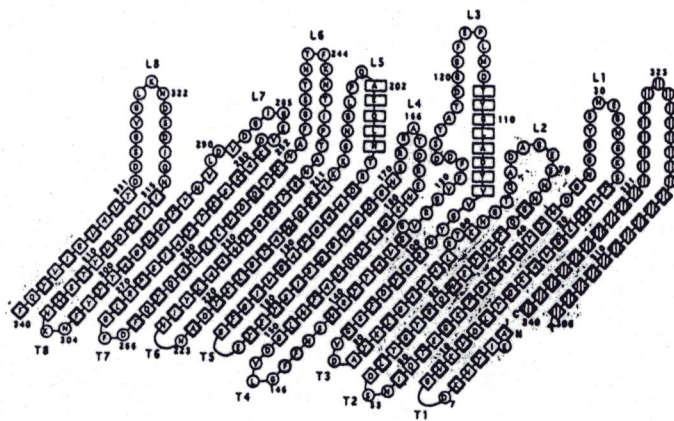
- 6 7. Identify the following structures. What are the main features of each?

A

B



- 4 8. Draw a diagram to illustrate the first intermediate in the folding of a Jelly-Roll Barrel.
- 6 9. What is a topological switch point and what generally is its function? Name 1 protein which uses this structure.
- 12 10. Identify the following figures. What are the main features of each?



- 10 11. Use a 7 residue moving window and the table below to calculate and graph a hydropathy plot for the sequence L-T-S-D-A-D-R-L-R-K-R-V-E-Q-L-S

R	15.86	D	9.66	E	7.75	N	7.58
K	6.49	Q	6.48	H	5.60	S	4.34
T	3.51	Y	1.08	G	0.00	C	-0.34
A	-0.87	W	-1.39	M	-1.41	F	-2.04
V	-3.10	I	-3.98	L	-3.98		

- 3 12. How many different conformations can a 13 amino acid peptide form if each amino acid can adopt only 8 different conformations?
- 4 13. What is the approximate strength of a H-bond, a van der Waals interaction, and a salt bridge?

- 6 14. Describe how the Hydrophobic Zipper Hypothesis helps explain some aspects of the cooperativity of protein folding.
- 8 15. Prostaglandin H2 synthase-1 is thought to reside in only 1 leaflet of the membrane bilayer. Describe the protein domain which anchors this protein in the leaflet. Name 1 drug molecule which inhibits 1 of the enzymatic activities of this enzyme. Explain why this molecule is a target for the design of new drugs for cancer prevention.
- 6 16. Draw the chemical structure of urea. Use a diagram and explain how urea acts to unfold proteins.
- 15 17. Describe 6 experimental approaches to the protein folding problem.
- 6 18. Explain the role and importance of entropy in determining the folded state of a protein.

Section 2: *Answer 1 of the following questions in Section 2. You can spend about 20 min. on this question.*

- 15 19. Cells have evolved a number of mechanisms to assist protein folding. Describe 4 such mechanisms and name the factors involved in the process.
- 5 19. How does the GroEL / GroES complex aid the folding of proteins?
- 10 Describe, in as much detail as you can, the mechanism by which the GroEL / GroES complex assists proteins to fold.

Section 3: *Answer 1 of the following questions in Section 3. You can spend about 20 min. on this question.*

- 15 20. The structures of the proteins found on the outer surfaces of viruses are of interest from the point of view of drug design. Give one example of an influenza virus protein and one example of a rhinovirus protein found on the outer surfaces of the respective viruses. Describe the structures of both of these proteins pointing out features relevant to drug design and using diagrams where appropriate.
- 15 20 Describe thermodynamic and structural features of proteins which discourage short helix formation. Describe the thermodynamic and structural features of proteins which might permit the formation of short helices in proteins in contrast to those formed by homopolymers which are quite long?
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