

Term Test 1

DATE: February 7, 2012
COURSE: MATH 2132

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TIME: 70 minutes
EXAMINER: G.I. Moghaddam

NAME: _____

STUDENT # : _____

Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Total (out of 50)

1. Let $\{f_n(x)\}$ be a sequence of functions whose first four terms are

$$\begin{aligned} f_1(x) &= 2 + x^2 \cos 2x, & f_2(x) &= 2 + \frac{1}{2} x^4 \cos 4x, \\ f_3(x) &= 2 + \frac{1}{6} x^6 \cos 6x, & f_4(x) &= 2 + \frac{1}{24} x^8 \cos 8x, \end{aligned}$$

where $-\infty < x < \infty$.

[3] (a) Find the general term of the sequence that is $f_n(x)$.

[5] (b) Determine if the sequence converges. If yes, find the limit function.

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- [9] 2. Find the value of c such that the 3^{rd} - term of the Taylor series of $f(x) = \frac{1}{1+x}$ about c is $8x^2 + 8x + 2$. Show your work.

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- [9] 3. For $f(x) = \frac{1}{3+2x}$, it is given that $f^{(n)}(x) = \frac{(-1)^n n! 2^n}{(3+2x)^{n+1}}$ where $n \geq 1$. Find the n^{th} Taylor's remainder $R_n(0, x)$ and show that $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} R_n(0, x) = 0$ for $0 < x < \frac{3}{2}$.

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- [9] 4. Find the radius of convergence and the open interval of convergence for the series

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n (3n)!}{2^n n! (2n+1)!} x^{3n}.$$

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- [15] 5. Find the Taylor series about 2 for the function

$$f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 4x - 2}{x^2 + x}.$$

Express your answer in sigma notation and simplify as much as possible. Determine the open interval of convergence.

(**Hint:** $\frac{x^2 - 4x - 2}{x^2 + x} = \frac{x - 2}{1 + x} - \frac{2}{x}$.)

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ANSWERS

Q1-a $f_n(x) = 2 + \frac{1}{n!} x^{2n} \cos 2nx$

Q1-b $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} f_n(x) = 2, \quad -\infty < x < \infty$

Q2 $c = -\frac{1}{2}$

Q3 First show that $0 < \frac{2x}{3 + 2z_n} < 1$ and then use squeeze theorem.

Q4 $R_x = \frac{2}{3}, \quad -\frac{2}{3} < x < \frac{2}{3}.$

Q5 $f(x) = 1 + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-1)^{n-1} \left(\frac{1}{3^n} + \frac{1}{2^n} \right) (x-2)^n, \quad 0 < x < 4.$