DATE: November 9, 2011 COURSE: MATH 3132

NAME:_____

STUDENT # : _____

| Q1 | Q2 | Q3 | Q4 | Total (out of 40) |
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[10] 1. Consider the differential equation x y"+(x² cos x) y'+(tan x) y = 0.
(a) Find all singular points (if any) of the differential equation.

(b) What can be said about the radius of convergence of a power serires solution about x = 1 of the differential equation.

[10] 2. Use Stokes's theorem to evaluate the line integral

 $\oint_C -x^2 yz \, dx \, + \, xy^2 z \, dy \, + \, 3 \, dz$

where C is the curve of intersection of the cone $z=4-\sqrt{x^2+y^2}$ and the plane $z=3\,$, directed clockwise as viewed from the point (0,0,2) .

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[12] 3. Solve the differential equation 2x y'' + (1-x) y' - y = 0 using power series $y = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n x^n$. Write your answer in sigma notation and simplify as much as possible. Find the interval of convergence.

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[8] 4. Find the radius and the open interval of convergence of a power series solution about x = 3 for the differential equation

$$(x+3)(x^2+9)y'' + (x^2-9)y' + (x^4+9x^2)y = 0.$$

(You are \mathbf{not} asked to solve the differential equation)

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[10] 5. Find the Fourier series for the periodic function f(x) whose graph is given for $-3 \le x \le 3$. Simplify your answer as much as possible. Also draw the graph of the function to which the Fourier series converges for $-3 \le x \le 3$.

