CHEM 3590 Test 1, 2017

Human Ecology Room 108, 10:30-11:25

Answer <u>5 out of 6 questions</u> in the exam book provided. Calculators are allowed.

Question 1

A 100-kg block of CaCO₃ is thrown into a pool containing 12000 L of water at pH 5.6. How much CaCO₃, in grams or kilograms, will remain solid? Use graph below if needed.

CaCO₃: 100 g/mole $K_{sp} = 5.6 \times 10^{-9}$

H₂CO₃: K_{a1} = 4.45 x 10⁻⁷ K_{a2} = 4.69 x 10⁻¹¹



Question 2

- a) In a SIMS instrument equipped with a magnetic sector analyzer, Ca²⁺ ions travel on a 0.45 m radius trajectory. Which element's 3⁺ ions follow a 0.3 m radius path in this same instrument?
- b) Why do most SIMS instruments have both Cs+ and dual plasmatron gun attachments?

Question 3

Iron oxide species comprise FeO, Fe₃O₄ and, in larger proportions, Fe₂O₃. In turn, Fe₂O₃ has two crystalline forms, α Fe₂O₃ (hematite) and γ Fe₂O₃ (maghemite). Structures are shown below. The smaller dots represent iron ions and the larger spheres, oxygen.



a) Assign the following XPS spectra to each crystalline form and justify.



b) How are the kinetic energies of photoelectrons measured in XPS?

Question 4

You decide to use EDTA to analyze the metals contained in a solid mixture of $Ca(OH)_2$ (2 g) and Fe(OH)₃ (3 g). HCl is used to dissolve the sample in a 2L-volume.

Ca(OH)₂: $K_{sp} = 6.5 \times 10^{-6} M^3$ FW = 74 g/mol Fe(OH)₃: $K_{sp} = 2.0 \times 10^{-39} M^4$ FW = 107 g/mol

- a) What is the pH necessary to dissolve all the mixture? Comment on the possibility of using EDTA at this pH.
- b) Write the charge balance equation of the solution when everything is dissolved.

Question 5

- a) The ICP-OES calibration curve shown here was obtained for Ca with standard CaCl₂ solutions. Determine the emission measured for a 4×10^{-6} M Ca(NO₃)₂ solution.
- b) Give a possible reason why the y-intercept is not zero.



 $Ca(NO_3)_2$: FW = 164 g/mol

Question 6

- a) Comment on the advantages of using a diode array detector over a single photo multiplier tube for spectrophotometry
- b) The xenon lamp emits over a range of 200-1000 nm. How is this light generated?
- c) Sample cuvettes made of quartz offer higher quality UV-vis measurements than those made of regular glass. Why?
- d) Which sample cuvette of the two below is better for dynamic flow UV-vis measurements, and why?



Don't hesitate to ask if you have any questions during the exam, and have a great Thanksgiving break!

