

MATH 2202, Assignment No. 4
November 24 , 2008

The assignment is due Monday, December 1, 2008 in class. Late assignments receive a mark zero.

1. a) Show that $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{x+5}{2x+3} = 4$, by **using the definition** of a limit. [7]

b) Show that $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{1}{1-x}$ does not exist. [5]

2. a) Define $g: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ by $g(x) = 3x$ for x rational and $g(x) = x-2$ for x irrational. Find all the points at which g is continuous. Prove your statements. [6]

b) Let $f: A \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be nonnegative on A , and let f be continuous at c . Prove by using the definition of limit that then $\lim_{x \rightarrow c} \sqrt{f(x)} = \sqrt{\lim_{x \rightarrow c} f(x)}$, and that the function \sqrt{f} is also continuous at c . [6]

3. a) Let $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be continuous at c and let $f(c) > 0$. Show that there exists a neighbourhood $V_\delta(c)$ of c such that for any x in $V_\delta(c)$ we have that $f(x) > 0$. [6]

b) Let $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be continuous on \mathbb{R} and such that $f\left(\frac{m}{2^n}\right) = 0$ for all m in \mathbb{Z} and all n in \mathbb{N} . Show that $f(x) = 0$, for all x in \mathbb{R} . [7]

c) Let $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be continuous on \mathbb{R} and let $S = \{x \text{ in } \mathbb{R} : f(x) = 0\}$. If (x_n) is contained in S and $x = \lim (x_n)$, show that x is also in S . [4]

4. a) Give an example of functions f and g that are both discontinuous at a point c in \mathbb{R} but such that both $f+g$ and fg is continuous at c . [4]

b) Give an example of a function f that is discontinuous at every point of \mathbb{R} , but such that $|f|$ is continuous on \mathbb{R} . [3]

c) Show that if f and g are such that f is continuous at c , g is discontinuous at c and fg is continuous at c , then f must be zero at c . [7]

Total [55/54]