

### 136.323 Metric spaces, Assignment No.1

The assignment is due in class on Tuesday, September 28. Late assignments receive a mark of zero.

**Prove all of your statements** for each of the questions.

1. Let  $(X, d)$  be a metric space. Check if  $d_1$ ,  $d_2$  and  $d_3$  are metrics on  $X$ :
  - a)  $d_1(x, y) = \min \{1, d(x, y)\}$ , [3]
  - b)  $d_2(x, y) = \frac{d(x, y)}{1+d(x, y)}$ , [4]
  - c)  $d_3(x, y) = (d(x, y))^2$ . [4]
2. Let  $(X, d)$  be a metric space.
  - a) Show that for  $r > 0$  and  $a$  in  $X$ ,  $N(a, r)$  is always open. [4]
  - b) For  $S \subset X$ ,  $S$  is open if and only if  $S$  is a union of open balls. [3]
  - c) For  $a, b$  in  $X$  with  $d(a, b) > 2r$ ,  $N(a, r) \cap N(b, r) = \emptyset$ . [3]
  - d) Is it possible that  $X$  has more than one point and the only open sets are  $X$  and  $\emptyset$ ? [2]
3. Let  $X = C([0, \frac{5}{4}])$  with  $d$  the “max’ metric.
  - a) Find  $d(f, g)$  for  $f(x)=x^2$  and  $g(x) = x$ . [3]
  - b) Let  $f(x) < g(x), \forall x \in [0, \frac{5}{4}]$ , and let  $S = \{h \in X : f(x) < h(x) < g(x)\}$ .  
Is  $S$  an open set? [4]
  - c) Find  $S'$  and  $\text{cl}(S)$  for  $S = \{f \in X : f(\frac{1}{2}) \in (4, 5)\}$ . [4]
  - d) Prove that  $S = \{f \in X : \int_0^{\frac{5}{4}} f(x)dx = 0\}$  is closed. [4]
4. Question No.3, page 88 from Kasriel. [6]
5. Let  $(X, d)$  be a metric space and let  $S \subset X$ . A point  $a$  in  $X$  is a **boundary point** for  $S$  if  $\forall r > 0, N(a, r) \cap S \neq \emptyset$  and  $N(a, r) \cap S^c \neq \emptyset$ . Let  $\text{bd}(S)$  be the set of all boundary points of  $S$ .
  - a) Prove that  $\text{cl}(S) = S \cup \text{bd}(S)$ , [3]
  - b)  $S$  is open if and only if  $\text{bd}(S) \cap S = \emptyset$ . [3]
  - c) Find the boundary points of  $\mathbb{N}$  and  $\mathbb{Q}$  as subsets of  $\mathbb{R}$ . [2]

