Find the following limits if they exist. If they do not exist, indicate whether the limit tends to $+\infty$, $-\infty$, or neither.

(a)
$$\lim_{x\to 3} \frac{x^3 - 9x}{x^2 - x - 6}$$

(b)
$$\lim_{x \to 3} \frac{2 - \sqrt{x+1}}{x^2 - 3x}$$

(c)
$$\lim_{x\to\infty} \frac{2x^3 - 4x + 1000}{4x^5 - 3x^2 + 100}$$

Chapter Review

Limit Examples

Find the following limits if they exist. If they do not exist, indicate whether the limit tends to $+\infty$, $-\infty$, or neither.

(a)
$$\lim_{x \to 5} \frac{x^2 - 3x - 10}{x - 5}$$

(b)
$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{-1/(x+2) + 1/2}{x}$$

(c)
$$\lim_{x\to\infty} \frac{2x^2 - 7x^4}{4x^2 + 5x - 6}$$

Is the following function continuous at x = 0 and x = 1?

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } x < 0\\ \sqrt{1 - x^2} & \text{if } 0 \le x \le 1\\ x - 1 & \text{if } x > 1 \end{cases}$$

(You must use limits to justify your answer.)

Chapter Review Continuity Example

Find the value of the constant k that makes the function below continuous.

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^3 + k & \text{if } x \leq 3\\ kx - 5 & \text{if } x > 3 \end{cases}$$

(You must use limits to justify your answer.)

Use the definition of the derivative to find f'(x) if $f(x) = \sqrt{5-x}$.

Chapter Review Definition of the Derivative Example

Use the definition of the derivative to find the equation of the tangent line of the curve

$$f(x)=6-x^2$$

when x = -1.